12

Nauka i technika

I don't think there's intelligent life on other planets. Why should other planets be any different from this one?

Bob Monkhouse (British comedian, 1928–2003)

SPRAWDŹ, ILE JUŻ UMIESZ

- Przeczytaj nagłówki poniżej. W parach wymieńcie jak najwięcej wyrazów z każdej kategorii.
 - Scientists
 mathematician
 - Space and space exploration universe
 - Electronic devices and equipment smartphone
 - Problems with electronic devices
 Virus

BANK SŁÓW, strony 194-195

NAUKOWCY I DZIEDZINY NAUKI

2 Uzupełnij luki wyrazami z ramki. Które z wymienionych dziedzin nauki są przedstawione na ilustracjach na górze strony?

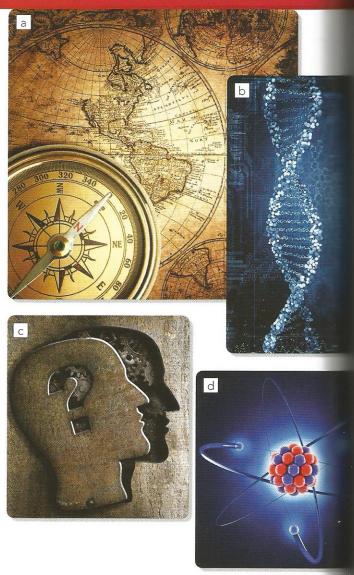
genetics linguistics economics geology archeology astronomy anthropology psychology

Which area of science studies ...

- 1 ... the way in which money and goods are produced and used? _____
- 2 ... languages? _____
- 3 ... ancient societies by looking at objects and buildings they have left? _____
- 4 ... stars and planets? ____
- 5 ... how the the qualities of living organisms are passed on through genes? _____
- 6 ... people, their societies, and cultures?
- 7 ... the rocks and soil that make up the Earth? __
- 8 ... the mind and how it influences people's behaviour?

3 W parach odpowiedzcie na pytanie.

Which of the areas of science mentioned in exercise 2 would you like to study? Why?



- 4 Uzupełnij zdania nazwami osób specjalizujących się w podanych dziedzinach, utworzonymi od wyrazów w nawiasach.
 - 1 Elements, the geometry book written by the ancient Greek _____ (MATHEMATICS) Euclid, was still used in schools and universities in the 19th century.
 - 2 The eighteenth-century _____ (ASTRONOMY)
 William Herschel discovered the planet Uranus using a telescope he had made himself.
 - 3 In 1939 the _____ (ARCHAEOLOGY) Dorothy Garrod became the first woman professor at Oxbridge.
 - 4 The American _____ (CHEMISTRY) Linus Pauling won two Nobel Prizes: one in Chemistry in 1954 and the Peace Prize in 1962.
 - **5** The ancient Greek _____ (GEOGRAPHY)
 Erathostenes was the first to calculate the size of the Earth.
 - **6** The American _____ (PSYCHOLOGY) Carl Rogers created the 'humanistic approach' in psychology.
 - 7 The ______ (PHYSICS) J. Robert Oppenheimer was the head of the Manhattan Project, which produced the first atomic bomb in 1945.
 - **8** The ______ (BIOLOGY) Stephen Jay Gould is famous for his many books and essays for non-specialist readers.

BADANIA I ODKRYCIA NAUKOWE

5 CD-3.09 MP3-198 Posłuchaj czterech krótkich nagrań. Do każdego z nich dopasuj jedno ze zdań a–d.

The speaker is
a planning an experiment.
b formulating a hypothesis based on some
evidence.
c showing a new assistant around a lab.
d presenting his/her team's research findings.

6 Wybierz właściwy czasownik.

- 1 The Chinese *invented / discovered* print a few centuries before Gutenberg.
- 2 The British archaeologist Howard Carter *invented / discovered* the tomb of the pharaoh Tutankhamun in 1922.
- 3 The theory of evolution was at first rejected / accepted by people who were shocked by the idea that humans may be descended "from monkeys".
- **4** Galileo Galilei was the first to *prove / observe* the rings of Saturn, but he didn't realise what they were.
- **5** Dian Fossey *studied / analysed* gorillas in their natural environment in Africa for eighteen years.
- **6** Galileo's observations of Venus and the moons of Jupiter *confirmed / invented* the heliocentric theory.
- 7 Scientists are continually investigating / inventing possible links between various substances and cancer.

7 Wpisz w luki czasowniki oznaczające działania arytmetyczne.

 subtract multiply divide add

 1 2+2 ______ two and two
 3 2x2 ______ two by two

 2 4-2 _____ two from four
 4 4:2 ______ four by two

8 Wybierz poprawną opcję.

AN ACCIDENTAL DISCOVERY

In 1928 at St Mary's Hospital in London Professor Alexander Fleming was carrying ¹___ research into bacteria. He was not a very tidy man and when he went on holiday, he left some dishes with bacteria cultures in the ab. After he returned, he noticed that mould had grown in one the dishes, and in the area around it there were no bacteria. To the conclusion that the mould had killed the bacteria. The research ³__ his hypothesis. In this way he ⁴__ a discovery has helped save many lives: the first antibiotic, penicillin. The was ⁵__ the Nobel prize ⁶__ Physiology or Medicine in 1945.

1 A ou	t B on	C away
2 A we	ent B reach	ned C came
3 A rej	ected B confi	rmed C accepted
4 A die	d B made	e C had
5 A wo	n B recei	ved C awarded
6 Λ in	B on	C of

NAUKI PRZYRODNICZE

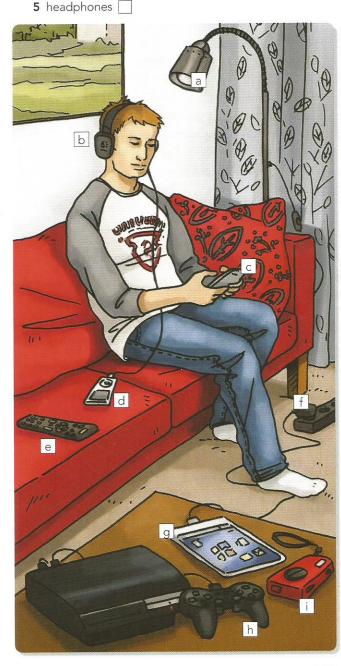
9 Wybierz właściwy czasownik.

- 1 Water evaporates / freezes at 0°C.
- 2 Forest fires can be very difficult to extinguish / exhale.
- 3 Sugar and salt oxidise / dissolve in water, but metals don't.
- 4 Salt consists / contains of sodium and chlorine.
- 5 On a hot day, rain water can evaporate / freeze very quickly.

TECHNIKA I OBSŁUGA URZĄDZEŃ

10 Dopasuj wyrazy do przedmiotów przedstawionych na ilustracji.

1	smartphone	6	light bulb
2	tablet	7	remote control
3	charger	8	gamepad 🗌
4	camera	9	MP3 player 🗌
	and the same of th	í	



11 Uzupełnij pytania wyrazami z ramki. W parach zadajcie sobie te pytania.

	text operator networking mobile connection
1	What model of phone would you like to have? Why?
2	Which mobile phone network do you use Are you happy with the service?
3	On average, how many messages do you send a day? Who do you text most often?
4	Have you got an Internet that you're satisfied with? Why?/Why not?
5	Which social sites do you use?

12 Wybierz poprawną opcję.

PLEASE BE KIND TO THE PHOTOCOPIER!

- When you switch the copier 1 on / off, it needs about thirty seconds to warm up. Wait for the green light to come ²out / on before you start copying.
- · Do not try to use any kind of paper other than copy paper. It may cause the copier to ³break / fall down.
- Do not ⁴press / switch any buttons while the machine is copying.
- Remember to switch the copier ⁵off / on when leaving the office in the evening.
- If the copier is ⁶in / out of order, please phone technical support (extension 12).

TECHNOLOGIE INFORMACYJNO-KOMUNIKACYJNE

- 13 CD-3.10 MP3-199 Posłuchaj sześciu osób, które skarżą się na kłopoty z częściami lub urządzeniami peryferyjnymi komputera. Dopasuj nagrania do urządzeń, o których jest mowa. Jedna nazwa urządzenia została podana dodatkowo.
 - a battery
 - **b** speakers
 - c DVD drive
 - **d** keyboard
 - e monitor f mouse
 - g printer
- 14 CD-3.11 MP3-200 Posłuchaj nagrania i sprawdź swoje odpowiedzi.
- 15 W parach odpowiedzcie na pytanie.

What do you usually do when an electronic device stops working?

16 Uzupełnij zdania właściwymi formami czasowników z ramki.

	attach create delete download upload open print save
1	I'm some music to make a compilation for the party.
2	Jane spends hours her latest pictures onto Facebook.
3	A: 'Oh, no! I've my homework by accident It's gone!'
	B: 'What, didn't you it at all? That was so careless!'
4	I'm some photos from the party to this em – hope you like them.
5	Don't that attachment. You don't know where it came from.
6	At the beginning of every school year I a separate folder for each subject.
7	OK. My essay's ready; I'm going to it now. Oh no, there's no paper left!

AWARIE

17 CD-3.12 MP3-201 Uzupełnij wypowiedź ucznia. Pierwsze litery brakujących wyrazów zostały podane. Posłuchaj nagrania i sprawdź swoje odpowiedzi.

Examiner: Tell me about a problem you had with a computer.



18 W parach odpowiedzcie na pytanie egzaminującego z ćwiczenia 17.